

PREFACE.

Shloka—

1. The Bhagavad-Gita is one of the most ancient and authoritative Scriptures of the Hindu Religion. In a compact form it gives the essence of the Vedanta Doctrine applicable to all Castes (Varnas) and Orders (Ashramas). With a little explanation it can be easily understood. But the discrimination of the *Real*, and the *Unreal* with its modifications, is only known to a blessed few—the Wise.

The four Castes and Orders, each has its own ordained Karma—called the *Sva-Dharma*. By this system none are debarred from spiritual knowledge. But, the Gita's teaching is such, that each will find in it a way that will speed his spiritual progress, ending in salvation. Therefore every Hindu should study the Gita, and make its teaching a guide in his daily life.

Some orthodox Paridits say :—" With the exception of Brahmaṇins, none are worthy to study the *Gita*—especially the Shudras are, in no case, to study it." But in *Vedraha Puvdtia* Shri Krishna says:—" A man born in any one of the four castes, who does not study, or hears, the *Gita*, he, ignoring the nectar that is in his hands, takes poison with difficulty." Such being the case, it is incumbent on all—Hindus especially—to study the *GM*,

2. The large number of the translations of the *Gita*, published during the last twenty years, shows that the *Bhagavad-Gita* is becoming an object of serious study to

all. Therefore, this compilation is undertaken, as an addition to them, with the hope—

(a) That it may be a help to the students in their studies of the *Gita*; also—